

## **UPDATE ON WATER POLICY**

Kim Rice, Assistant Superintendent of Operations

Presentation to Boston School Committee May 11, 2016

### Since last we met...

Completed testing of ALL schools that have active water fountains

#### Established BPS Water Website: bostonpublicschools.org/water

- Fact sheets
- Information Update(s)
- Water & Lead Resource Links
- All testing results/data
- The Water Committee held a meeting to incorporate the feedback into the BPS water policy
- BPS hosted two Family Information Sessions this week

### Online vs. Offline Schools

#### ALL schools have clean potable drinking water

Tested with levels below the EPA standard (online); or

Bottle Water Coolers (offline)

Online Schools have active water fountains and use tap water for drinking water.

**Offline Schools** do NOT have active water fountains and use bottled water coolers for drinking water.

All schools, both online & offline, do a 2 minute cold water flush every morning.

## **Testing of ALL Schools Completed**

Completed the testing for every fountain in all 38 schools that were online.

Testing completed by Envirotrac

Triple verified by Boston Water & Sewer and BPS Environmental Services

2 tests per fountain

AM – before any water movement

After 30 second flush

All results are posted online

Test results at 4 schools (8 fountains) showed elevated levels and were immediately disabled.

All fountains in those buildings have been disabled.

## 4 schools taken Offline, now use bottled water



- Boston Latin Academy
- . Hernadez K-8
- Kenny Elementary
- Murphy K-8

## Pilot to bring Offline schools Online

- Six schools had been selected due to low ppb lead levels; Another Course to College, Boston Green Academy, Curley K-8, Lee K-8, Mather, Trotter K-8
- Incident occurred where a number of fountains were turned on prematurely in error.
- Investigation of incident, documentation, and timelines in each of the schools
- Communication Protocols built into BPS water policy implementation
- Community will be notified before fountains are turned on
- Working with individual school communities
- Contract with RW Sullivan to resolve implementation and develop plan

## **Hybrid Water Filling Stations**

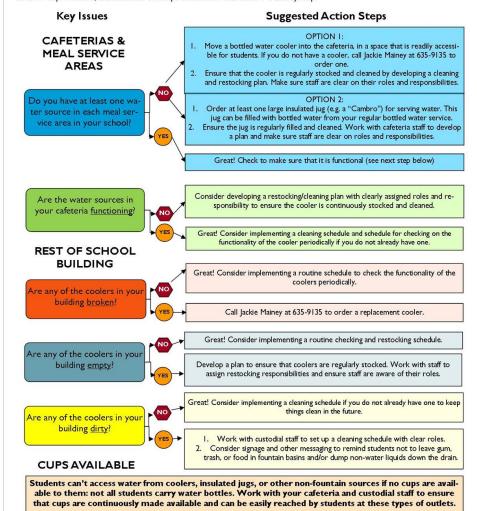


## 30 extra bottles delivered to every offline school



# Action Steps for Improving Water Access at Your School: Schools with No Tap Water Access

Refer to your school's individual Water Access Report. The chart listing water access points will note which points may need actions for improvement, and identifies the steps on the flow chart below that may help.



## **Family Information Sessions**

Facilitated by the Office of Family and Community Engagement

Interpretation services were available

Update on the water access in BPS by Kim Rice and Chief Engineer of Boston Water and Sewer Commission, John Sullivan

Educational update on the impact of lead by Dr. Sean Palfrey

2/3 of time during the meeting was dedicated to Q & A opportunities

## Family Information Sessions, Guest Speaker

Dr. Sean Palfrey, Professor of Pediatrics at Boston University and Boston Medical Center and Director of the Lead Center.



**Dr. Sean Palfrey** 

Dr. Palfrey has been a pediatrician, teacher and advocate for better child health policies in Massachusetts since 1974. He has worked and taught at Harvard, Tufts, UMass and Boston University Medical Schools, and is currently a Professor of Pediatrics and Public Health at BU and BMC. He has served as President of the Massachusetts Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics, and has spent much of his life working to improve access to health care for all children and to prevent lead poisoning, vaccine preventable diseases, and injuries and deaths from gun violence and other serious problems.

Dr. Palfrey has run lead poisoning prevention programs in Massachusetts in conjunction with the State Departments of Public Health and the Boston Public Health Commission for decades. During this time, lead poisonings have become much less severe, but exposure to lead in our communities from lead-containing paint, dust, water and other sources is still an issue of significant public health and educational concern, and requires our continued attention.

## **Next Steps**

- Working with Boston Water and Sewer Commission
   Additional water protocols and supports (ie adding filtration)

  Testing protocols
- Establishing project timeline and corrective action plan with RW Sullivan
- Continuation of BPS investigation of water pilot
- Applying for State's Testing Assistance Program for Lead in School Drinking Water
- Water Committee will update the BPS water policy on May 25<sup>th</sup>, 2016

### **Timeline**

- 1988—Tap water deactivation in BPS schools after lead testing
- 1990s—MWRA implemented a corrosion control treatment that reduced the amount of lead leaching from plumbing lines. This resulted in some school buildings put back online.
- 1990-2000s—Boston Water and Sewer replace water mains in city buildings
- 2003—BPS cafeteria flushing system implemented
- 2009—BPS Water Committee established
- 2010—Harvard begins to collaborate on pilot projects to increase access to water in cafeteria and beyond.
- 2013 Initial testing results presented to BPS Leadership; initial water access & policy requirements sent to all school leaders
- 2015-16 Water testing concludes; water memo sent to all schools; 6 schools receive fountains and are brought back online