Exam School Task Force

6.1.21

Possible Additional Census Tract Variables
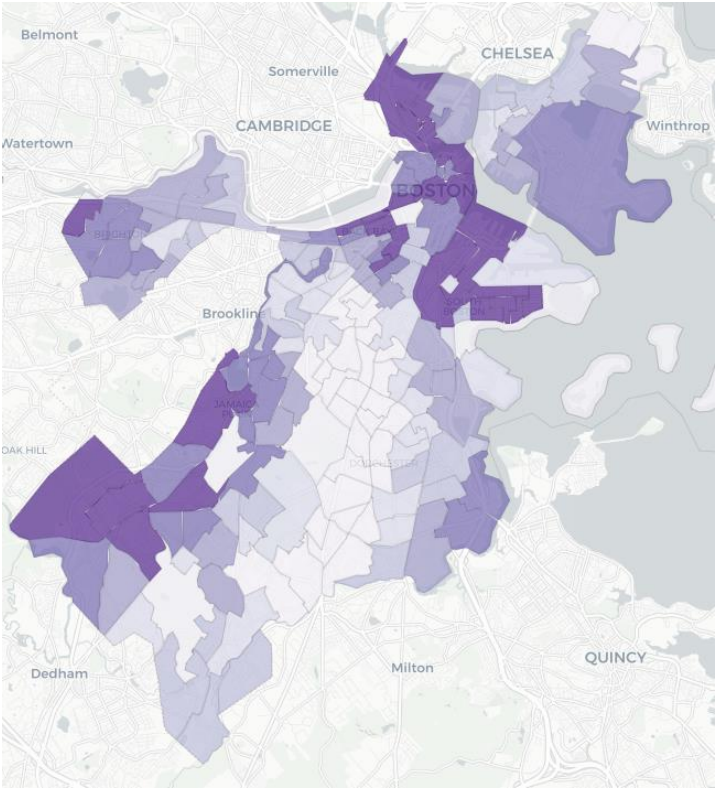
Variable Name	Variable Definition
Index of Concentration at the Extremes (high income white households versus low income Black households)	Number of white households with an income in the top quintile [$100,000+] - number of Black households with an income in the bottom quintile [less than $25,000] Divided by Total number of households
Index of Concentration at the Extremes (high income white non-Hispanic households versus low income people of color households)	Number of white, non-Hispanic households with an income in the top quintile [$100,000+] - (Number of all households with an income in the bottom quintile [less than $25,000] - number of white, non-Hispanic households with an income in the bottom quintile [less than $25,000]) Divided by Total number of households
Percentage of persons below poverty	Number of people with income in the past 12 months below poverty level Divided by Number of people

* To see more about US census tract poverty data and the cut-point for poverty areas defined by the US census as >=20% below poverty, see the US Census Bureau Changes in Poverty Rates and Poverty Areas Over Time: 2005-2019.
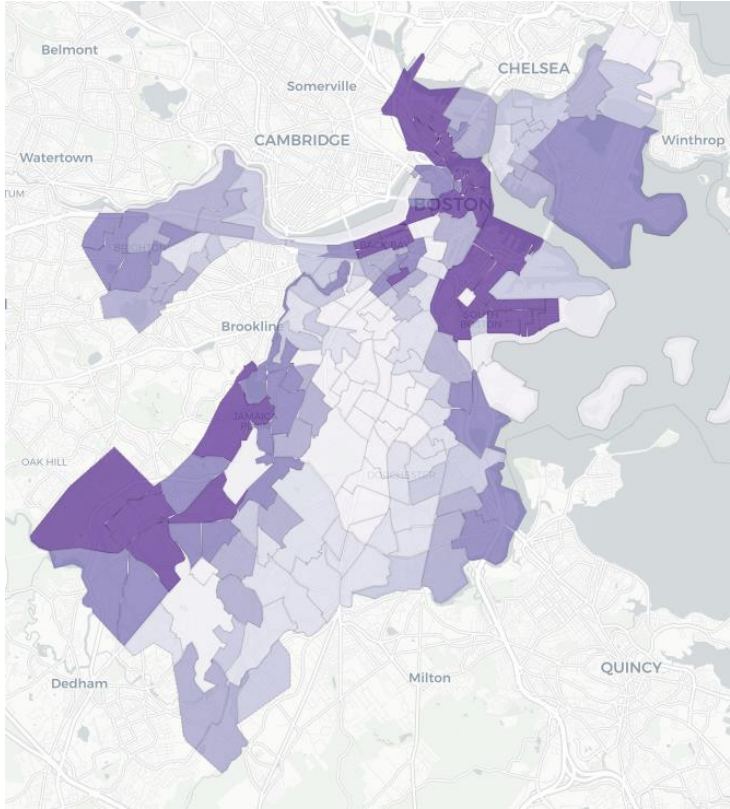
**High-income refers to the top quintile for US household income and low-income refers to the bottom quintile for US household income, during the years specified.

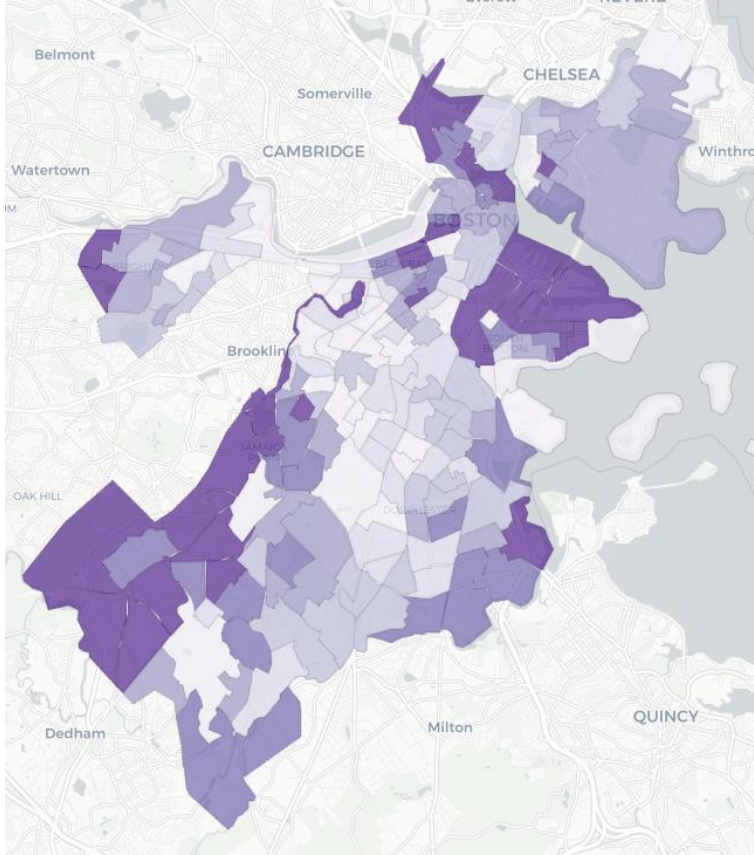Source: https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/thegeocodingproject/covid-19-resources/

Index of Concentration at the Extremes (high income white households versus low income Black households)

Index of Concentration at the Extremes (high income white non-Hispanic households versus low income people of color households)

Percentage of persons below poverty

[Currently Included] Median Household Income